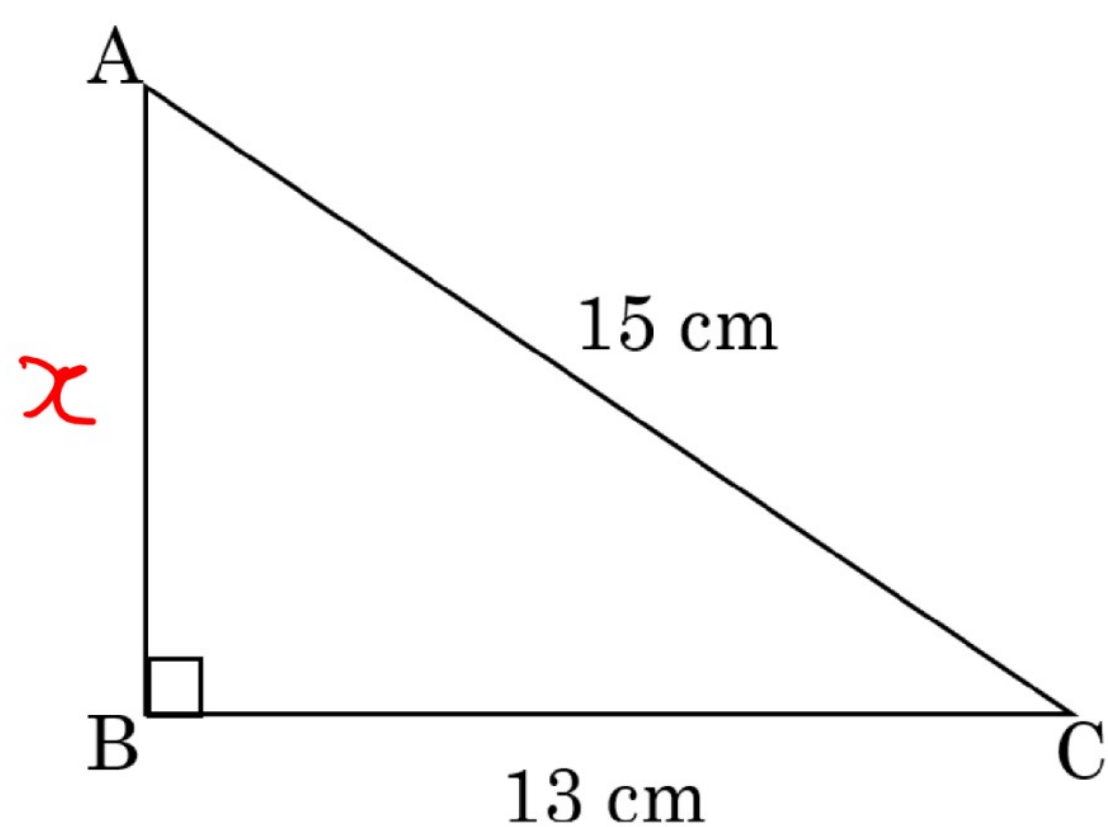




Pythagoras' Theorem Exam Practice

Q1. Find the length of side AB correct to 1 decimal place.



$$x^2 = 15^2 - 13^2$$

$$x^2 = 225 - 169$$

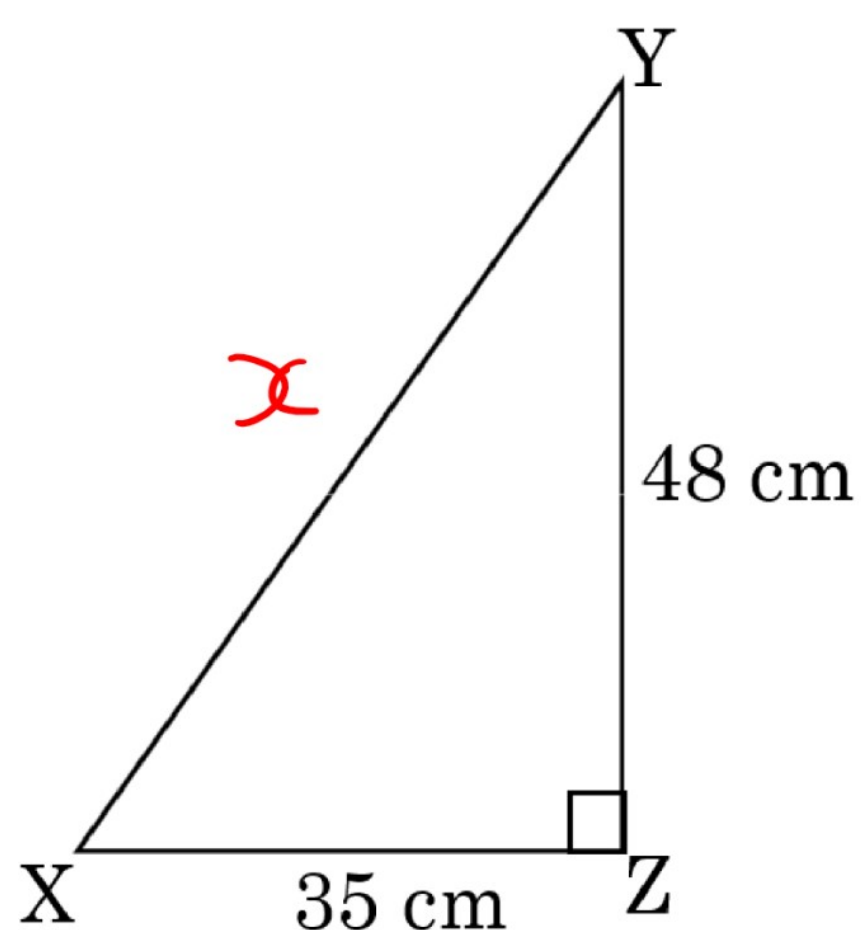
$$x^2 = 56$$

$$x = \sqrt{56}$$

$$x = 7.48\dots$$

Answer: 7.5 cm
(3 marks)

Q2. Find the length of side XY correct to 1 decimal place.



$$x^2 = 35^2 + 48^2$$

$$x^2 = 3529$$

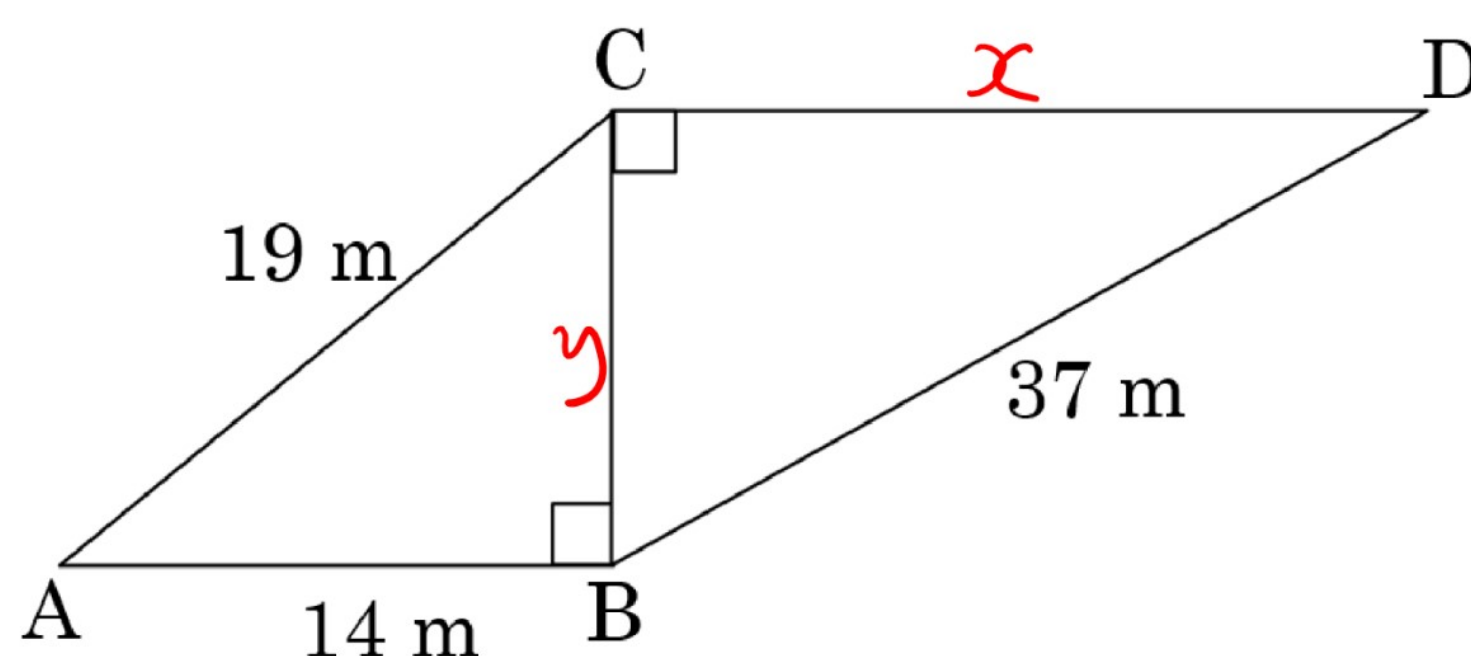
$$x = \sqrt{3529}$$

$$x = 54.405\dots$$

Answer: 54.4 cm
(3 marks)



Q3. Find the length of side CD correct to 1 decimal place.

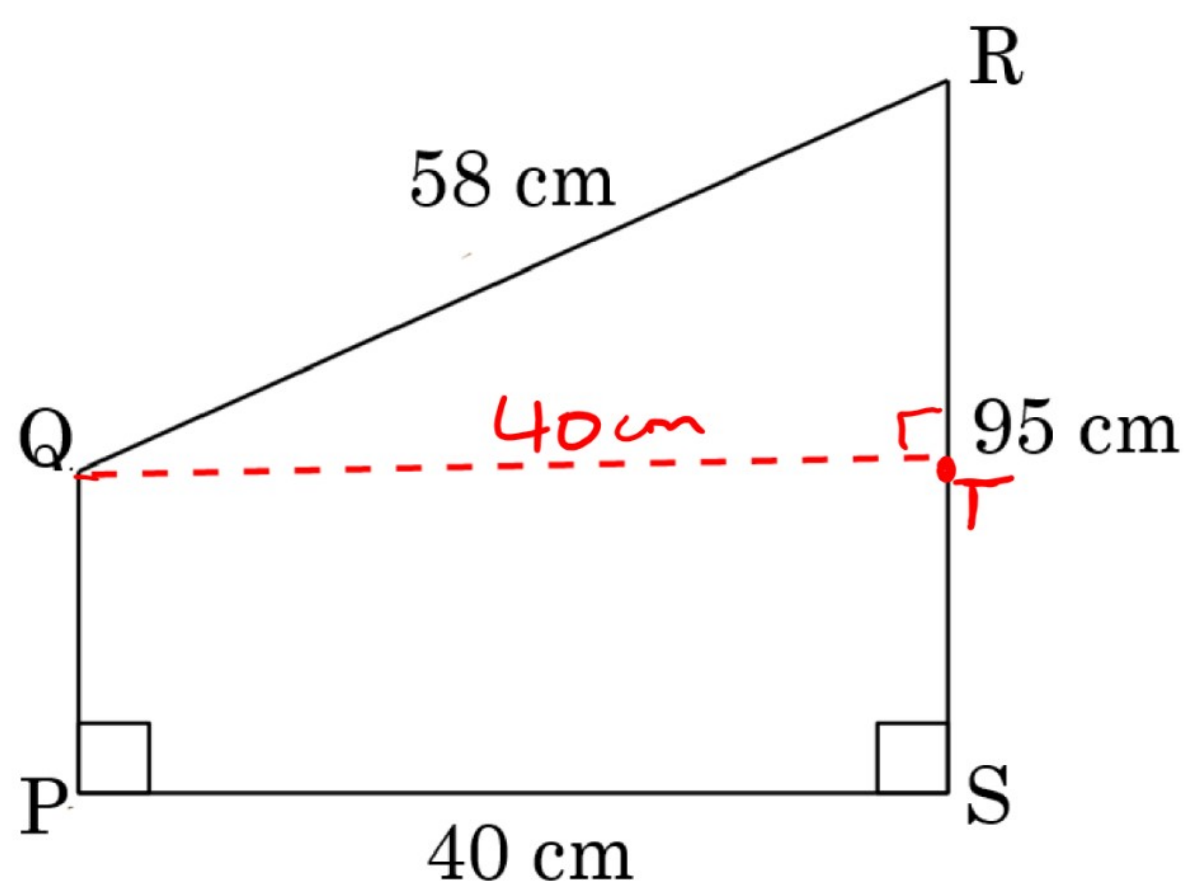


$$\begin{aligned} y^2 &= 19^2 - 14^2 \\ y^2 &= 361 - 196 \\ y^2 &= 165 \\ y &= \sqrt{165} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 &= 37^2 - (\sqrt{165})^2 \\ x^2 &= 1369 - 165 \\ x &= \sqrt{1204} \\ x &= 34.69.. \end{aligned}$$

Answer: 34.7 m
(4 marks)

Q4. Find the length of side PQ.

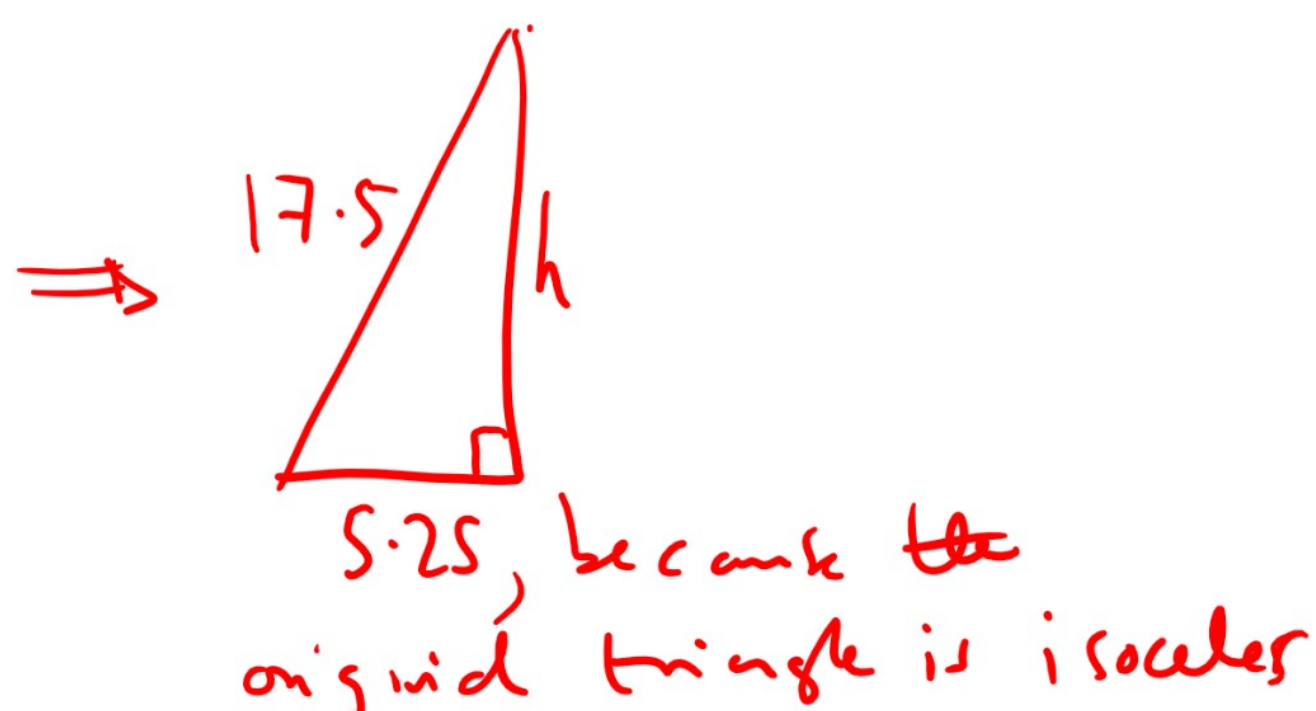
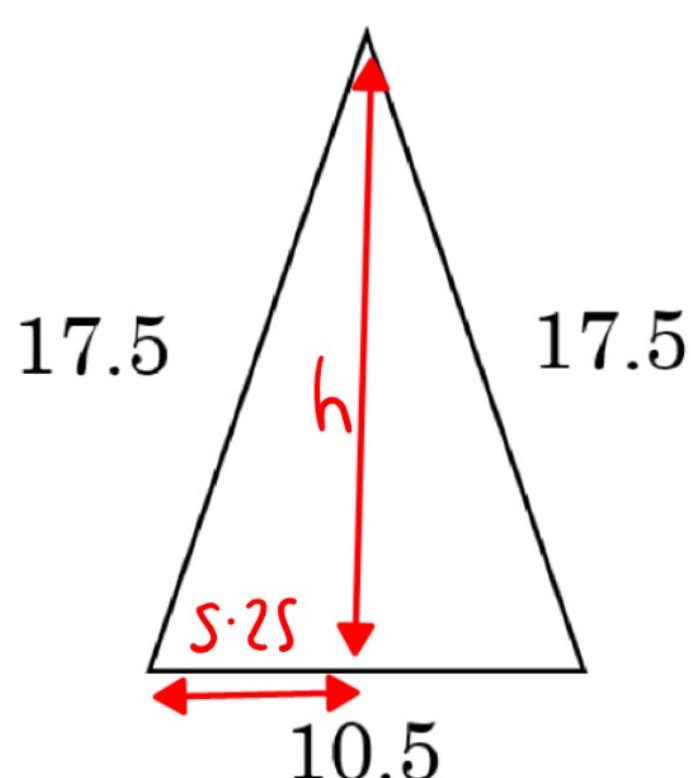


$$\begin{aligned} (RT)^2 &= 58^2 - 40^2 \\ &= 1764 \\ RT &= \sqrt{1764} \\ &= 42 \\ PQ &= 95 - 42 \\ &= 53 \end{aligned}$$

Answer: 53 cm
(4 marks)



Q5. Find the area of the triangle shown, giving your answer to 3 significant figures.



$$h^2 = 17.5^2 - 5.25^2$$

$$h^2 = 278.6875$$

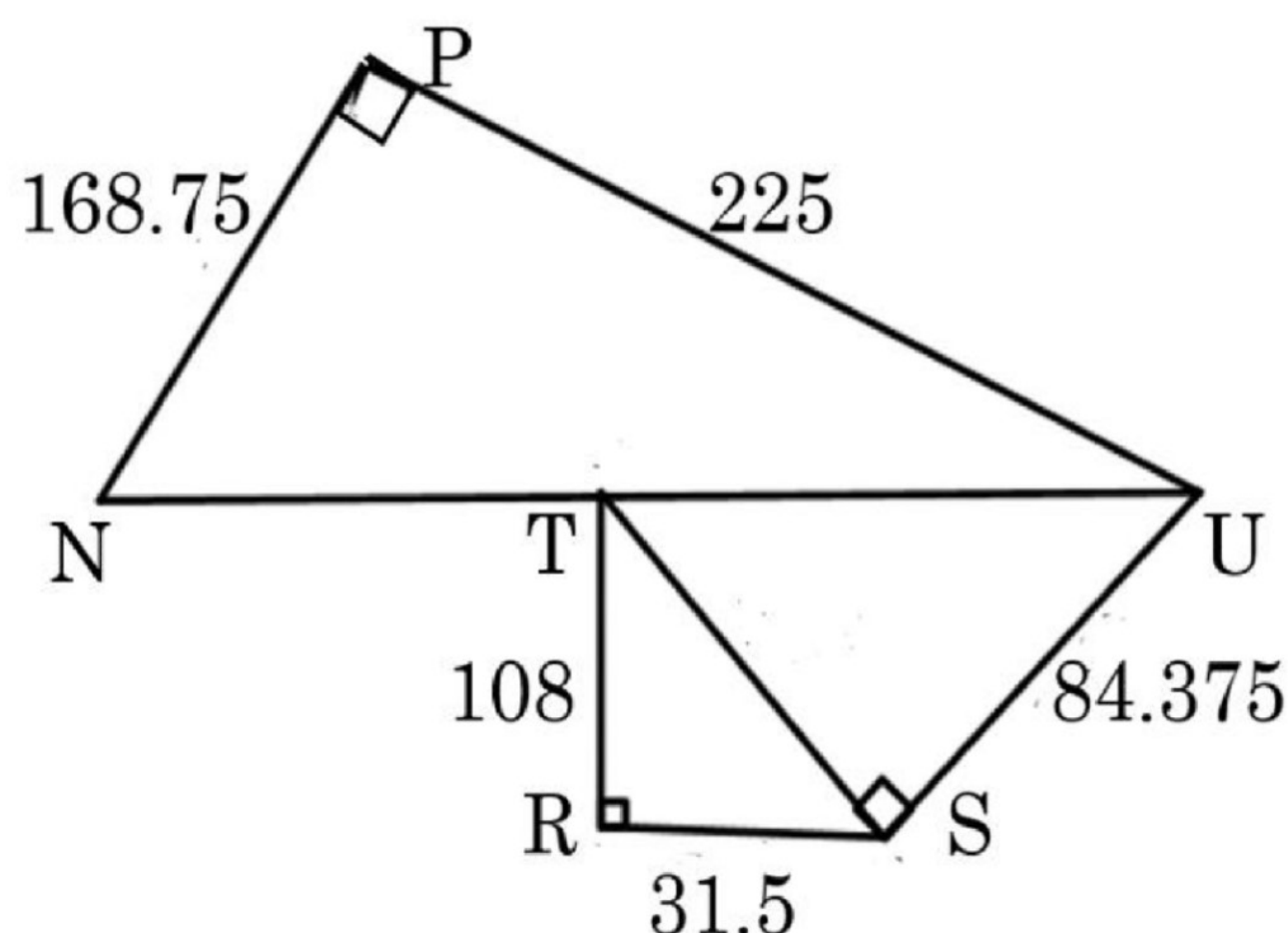
$$h = \sqrt{278.6875}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= \frac{1}{2} \times 10.5 \times \sqrt{278.6875} && \text{(using Area} = \frac{1}{2} \times b \times h) \\ &= 87.64\dots \end{aligned}$$

Answer: 87.6 units²
(4 marks)



Q6. Given that T is the mid-point of side NU, show that the triangle NPU is right-angled.



- $(TS)^2 = 108^2 + 31.5^2 \Rightarrow TS = 112.5$
- $(TU)^2 = 112.5^2 + 84.375^2 \Rightarrow Tu = 140.625$
- $NU = 2 \times Tu, \Rightarrow NU = 281.25$
- We now show that $(NU)^2 = (PN)^2 + (PU)^2$, which proves that NPU is right-angled.

$$\left. \begin{aligned} 168.75^2 + 225^2 &= 79101.5625 \\ \text{and } 281.25^2 &= 79101.5625 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{Same}$$

\therefore NPU is right-angled.

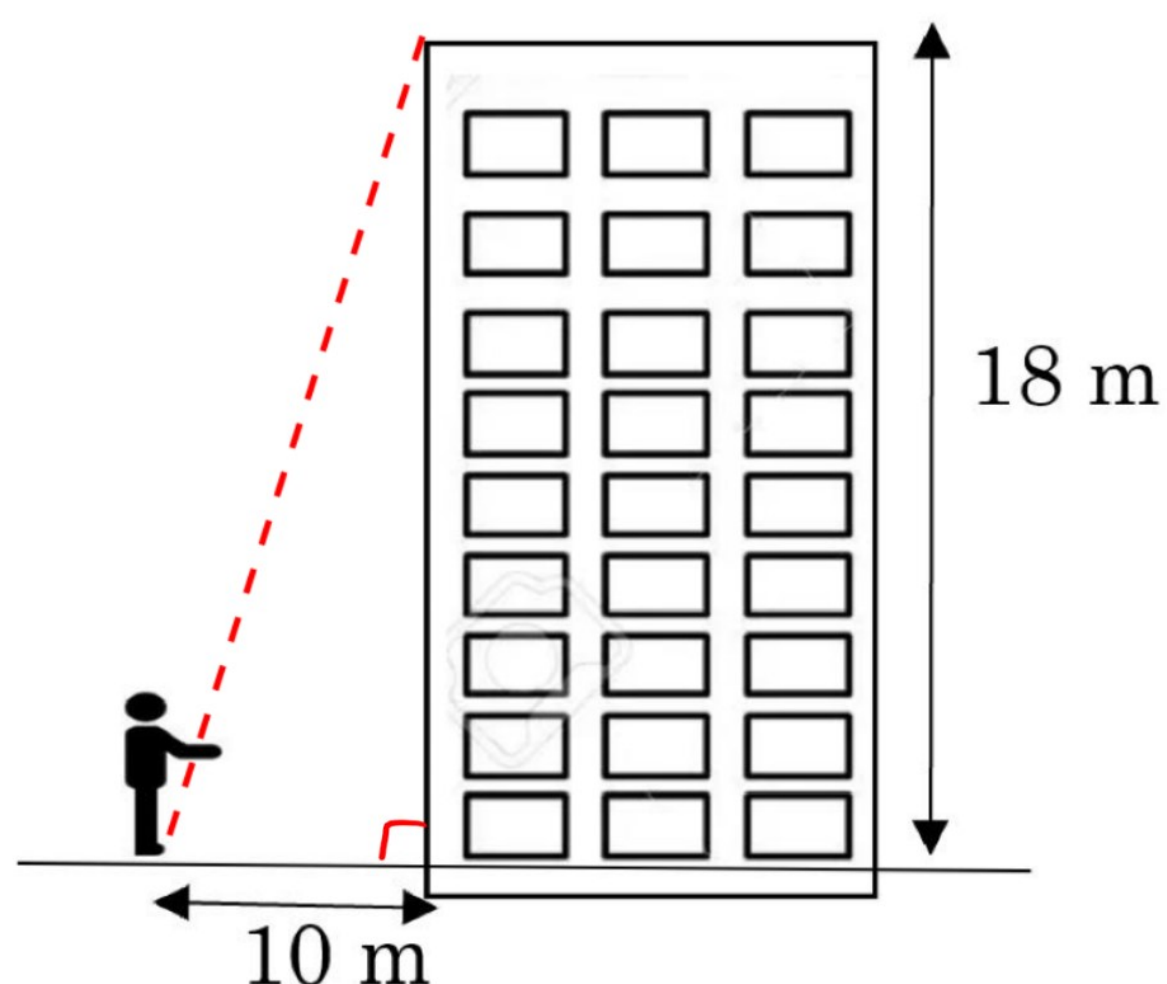
Answer: _____

(5 marks)



Problem Questions:

Q7. A boy throws a ball so that it lands on top of the building shown below:



- a) Work out an estimate for the distance the ball has travelled from the boy's arm to the roof.

let $d =$ the distance

$$\begin{aligned}d &\approx \sqrt{10^2 + 18^2} \\ &= \sqrt{424} \\ &= 20.59 \dots\end{aligned}$$

Answer: 20.6
(3 marks)

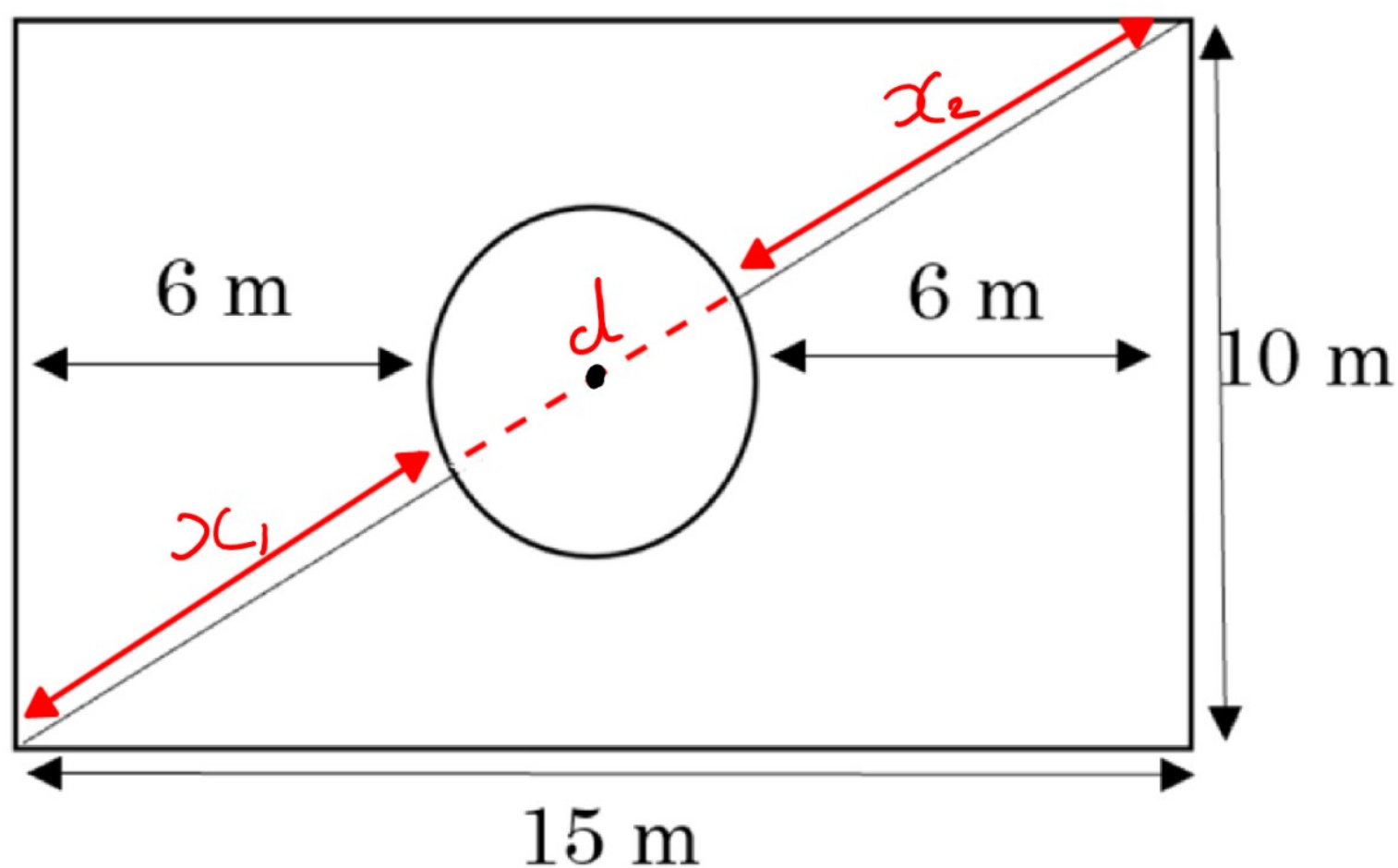
- b) Is your answer to (a) an under or over-estimate?
Explain your choice.

eg. • Over: the height of the boy's arm from the ground has not been taken into account.
• Under: the path of the ball would be a curve rather than a straight line so longer in practice.

Answer: _____
(1 mark)



Q8. Here is a plan of an ornamental garden with a circular pond in the middle. The centre of the pond is marked on.



A path is to be created along the outside border, diagonally to the pond from the corners, and around the pond, using square paving slabs. If each 0.5 m^2 slab costs £11.50, work out the total cost of paving the garden.

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet \quad d &= 15 - 6 - 6 \\ \Rightarrow d &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet \quad \text{Circular path} &= \pi d \\ &= 3\pi \text{ metres} \end{aligned}$$

$$\bullet \quad \text{Border} : 15 + 15 + 10 + 10 = 50 \text{ m}$$

• Diagonal distance from corner of border to fur border is :

$$\sqrt{15^2 + 10^2}$$

$$= 5\sqrt{13}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 + x_2 = \text{diagonal distance} - \text{diameter of pond}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 + x_2 = 5\sqrt{13} - 3$$

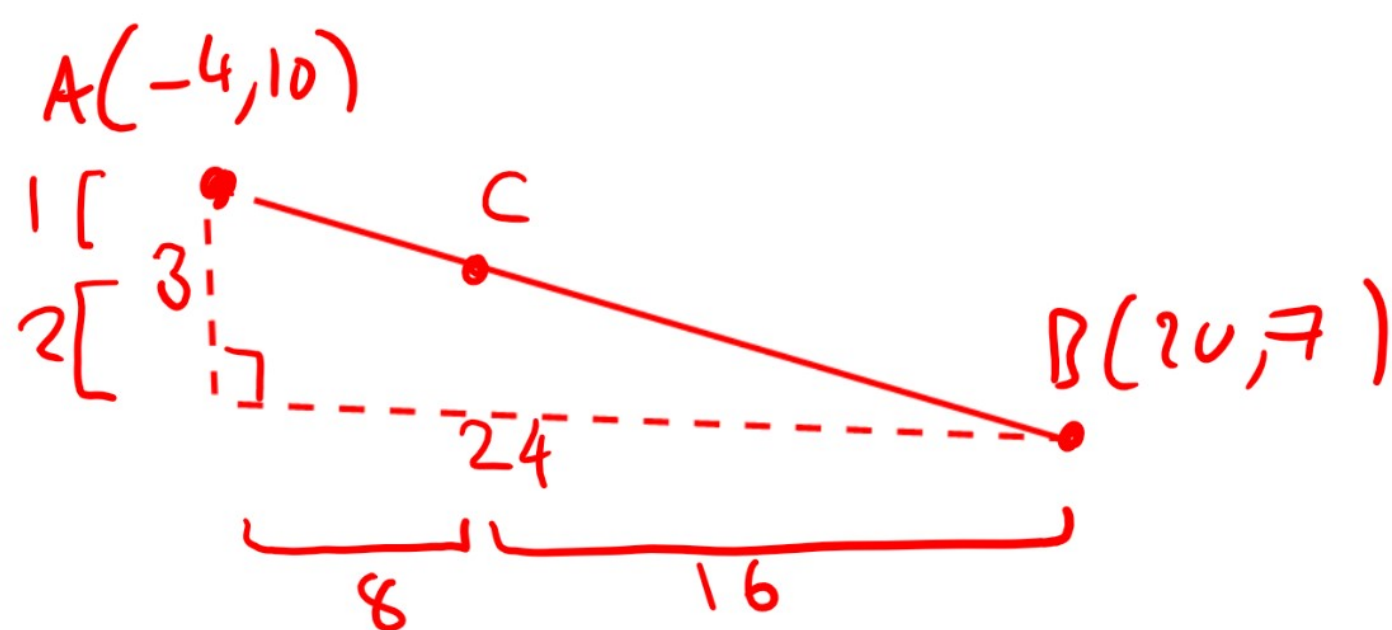
$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{total path length} &= 3 + 50 + 5\sqrt{13} - 3 \\ &= 50 + 5\sqrt{13} \\ &= 68.0277\dots \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{total cost} = (68.0277 \div 0.5) \times \text{£}11.50 \Rightarrow \text{£}1564.638\dots \quad \text{Answer: } \underline{\text{£}1564.64} \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

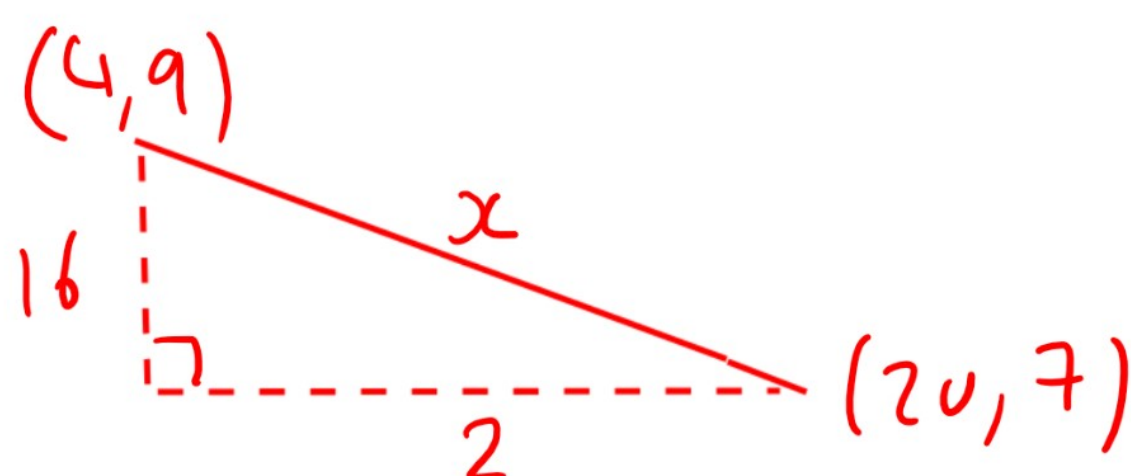


Q9. AB is a line segment, where A is $(-4, 10)$ and B is $(20, 7)$. The point C divides AB in the ratio $1 : 2$.

Find the distance CB to 1 decimal place.



$$\Rightarrow C = (4, 9)$$



$$x^2 = 16^2 + 2^2$$

$$x^2 = 260$$

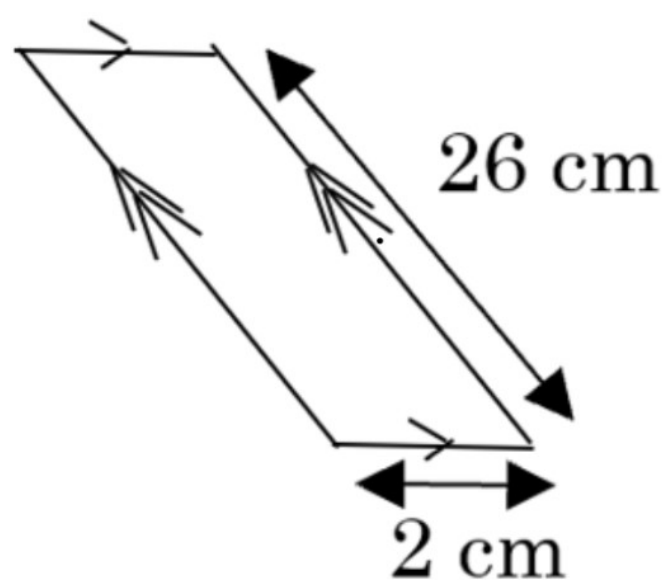
$$x = \sqrt{260}$$

$$x = 16.12\dots$$

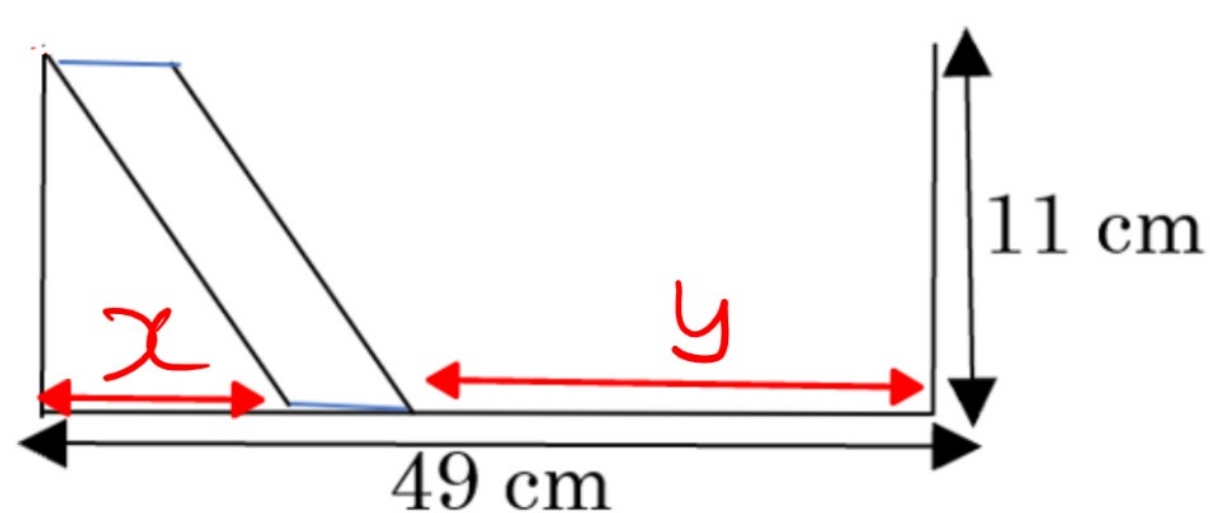
Answer: 16.1
(5 marks)



Q10. Identical models in the following shape are to be packed into a box:



The first is fixed in place as shown:



More models are then placed on the right of the one already in the box.
Work out how many models can be placed in the box in this model.

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet \quad x^2 + 11^2 &= 26^2 \\ x &= \sqrt{555} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 49 - 2 - \sqrt{555}$$

$$y = 23.44$$

\bullet No. additional models which can go into the box
is $23.44 \div 2 = 11.72 \dots$

\Rightarrow 11 models

\bullet Total no. of models = 12

Answer: 12

(6 marks)