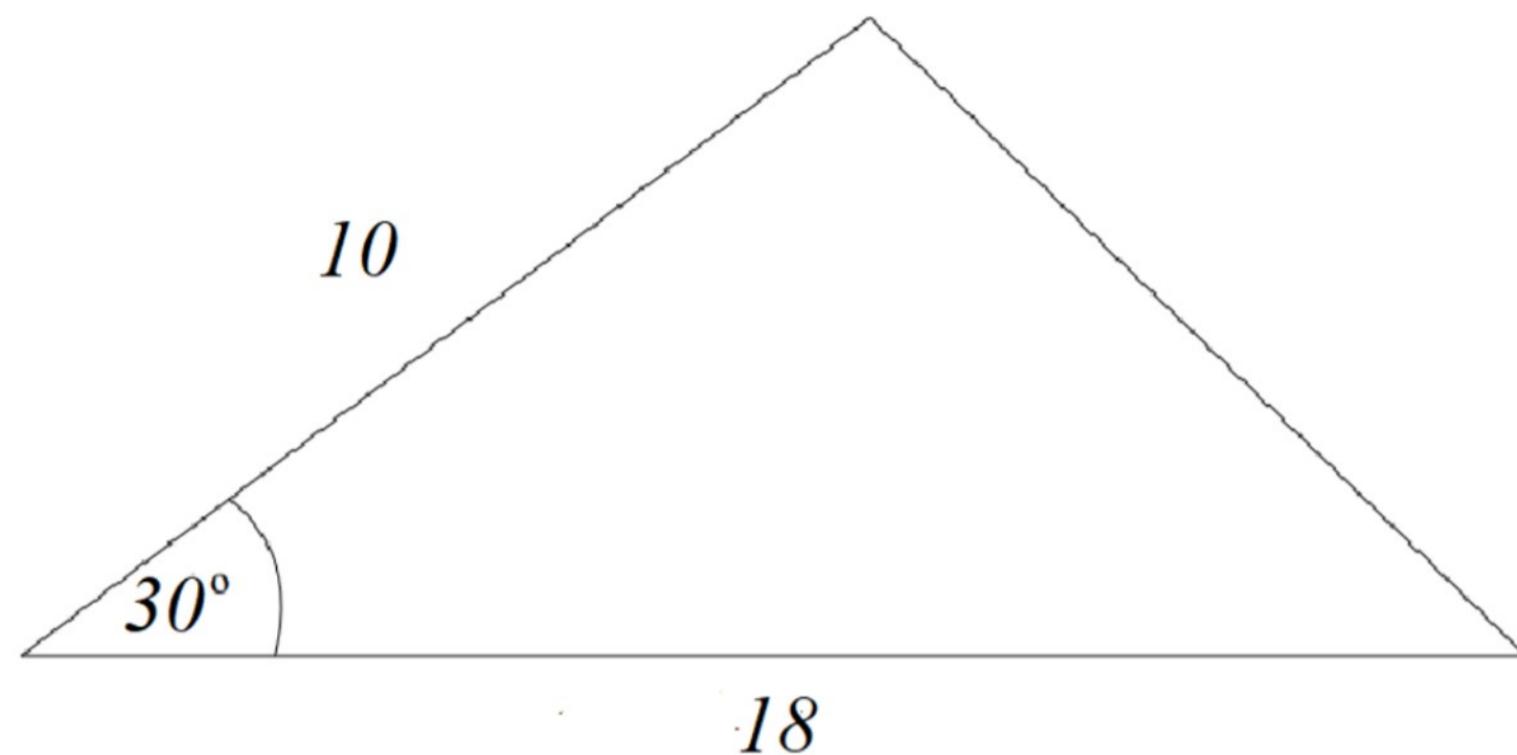




Finding the Area of any Triangle Exam Practice

Q1. Find the area of the triangle below to 1 decimal place.



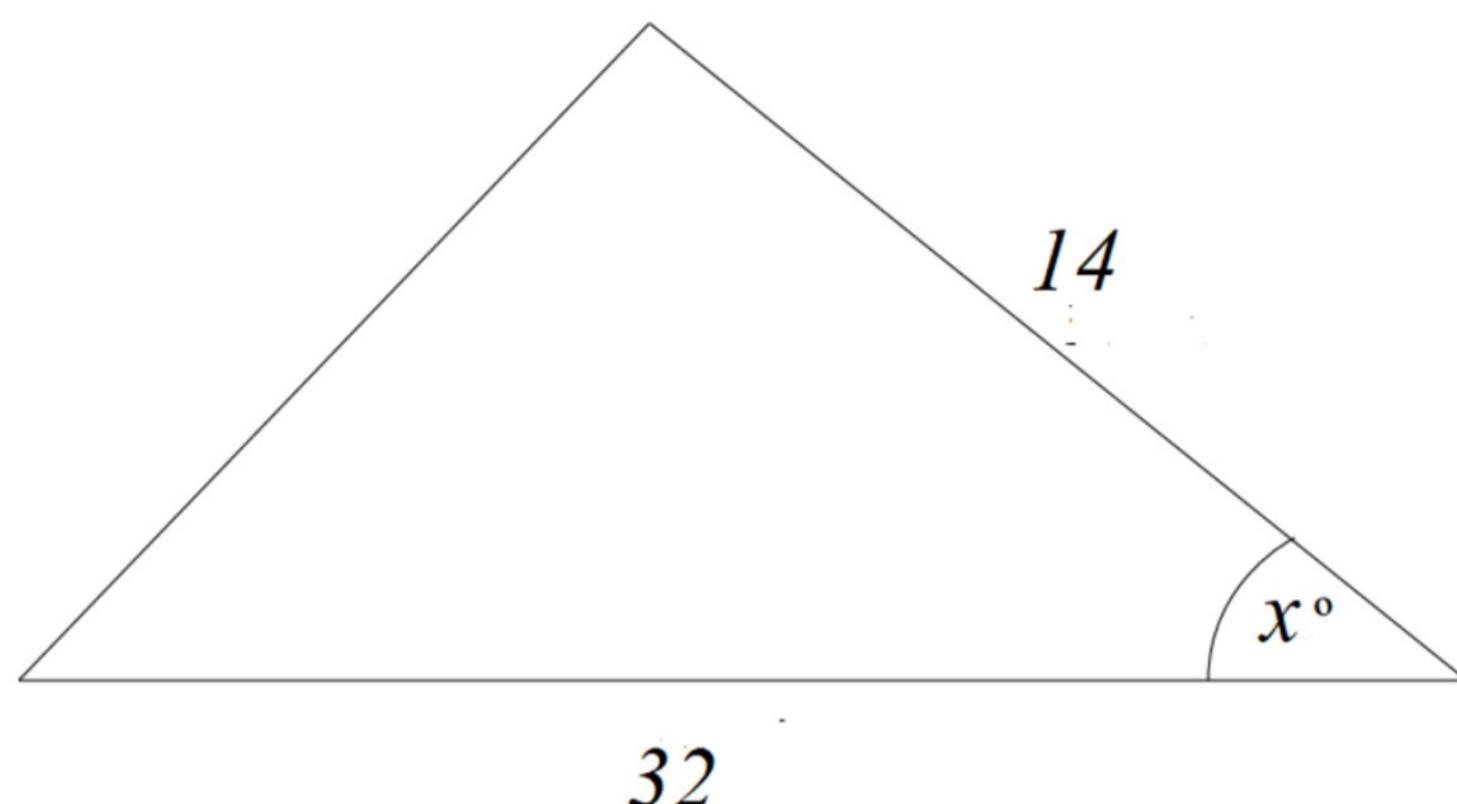
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= \frac{1}{2}(10)(18)\sin 30^\circ \\ &= 45.0 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Answer: 45.0 m²
(2 marks)



Q2. The area of the triangle below is 175 square units.

Find the size of angle x to 1 decimal place.



$$\frac{1}{2}(32)(14)\sin(x) = 175$$

$$224\sin(x) = 175$$

$$\sin(x) = \frac{175}{224}$$

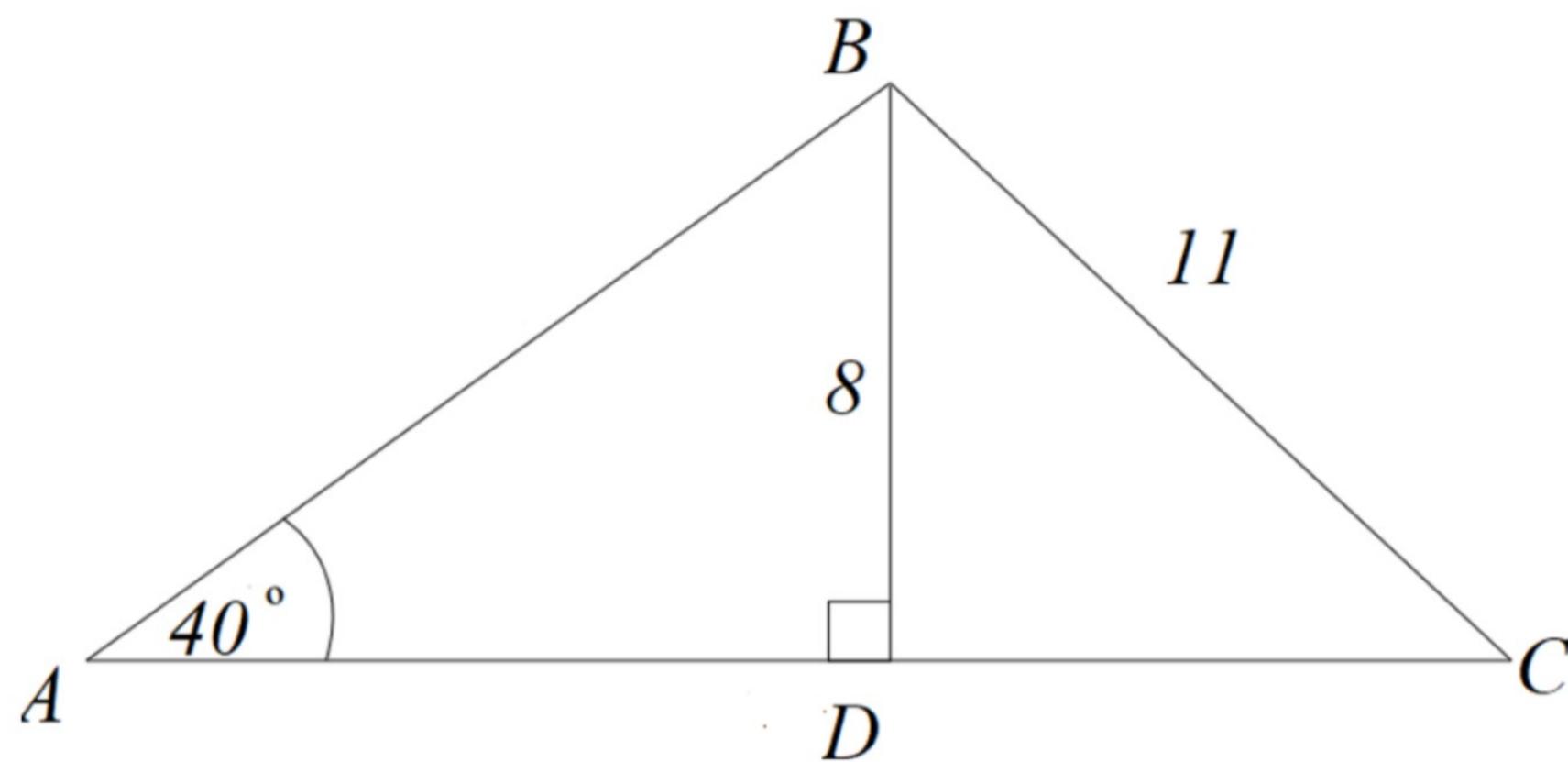
$$x = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{175}{224}\right)$$

$$x = 51.375\ldots$$

Answer: 51.4°
(3 marks)



Q3. Find the area of the triangle ABC to 2 decimal places.



$$\tan(40^\circ) = \frac{8}{AD} \Rightarrow AD = \frac{8}{\tan 40^\circ} = 9.534$$

$$\hat{BCD} = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{11}\right) = 46.658$$

$$\Rightarrow \tan(46.658) = \frac{8}{DC}$$

$$\Rightarrow DC = 7.549\dots$$

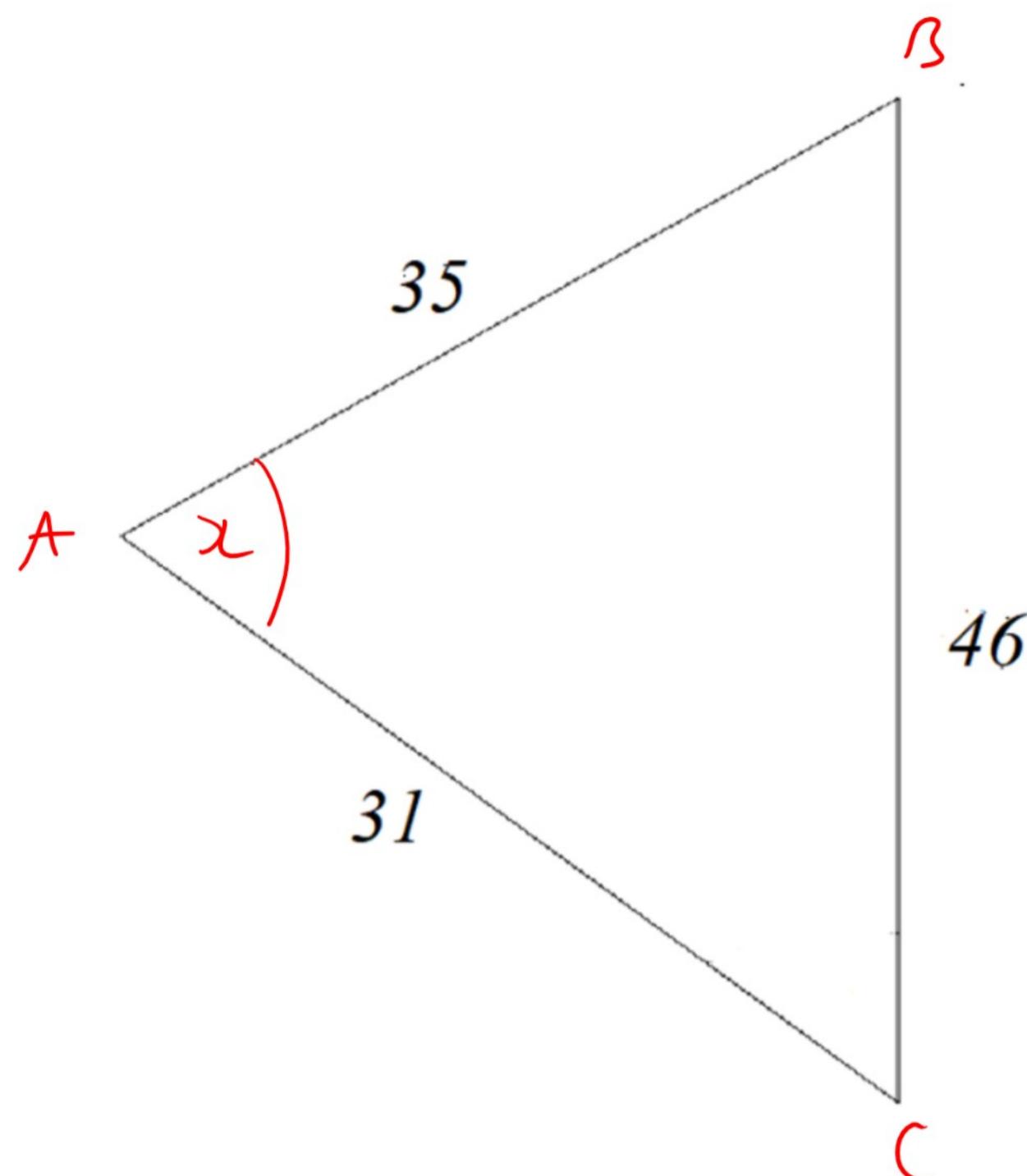
$$\Rightarrow AC = AD + CD \\ = 9.534 + 7.549 \\ = 17.083$$

$$\text{Area } ABC = \frac{1}{2}(11)(17.083) \sin(46.658) \\ = 68.331$$

Answer: 68.33 m²
(4 marks)



Q4. Find the area of the triangle below to 3 significant figures:



$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$$

$$\cos A = \frac{31^2 + 35^2 - 46^2}{2(31)(35)}$$

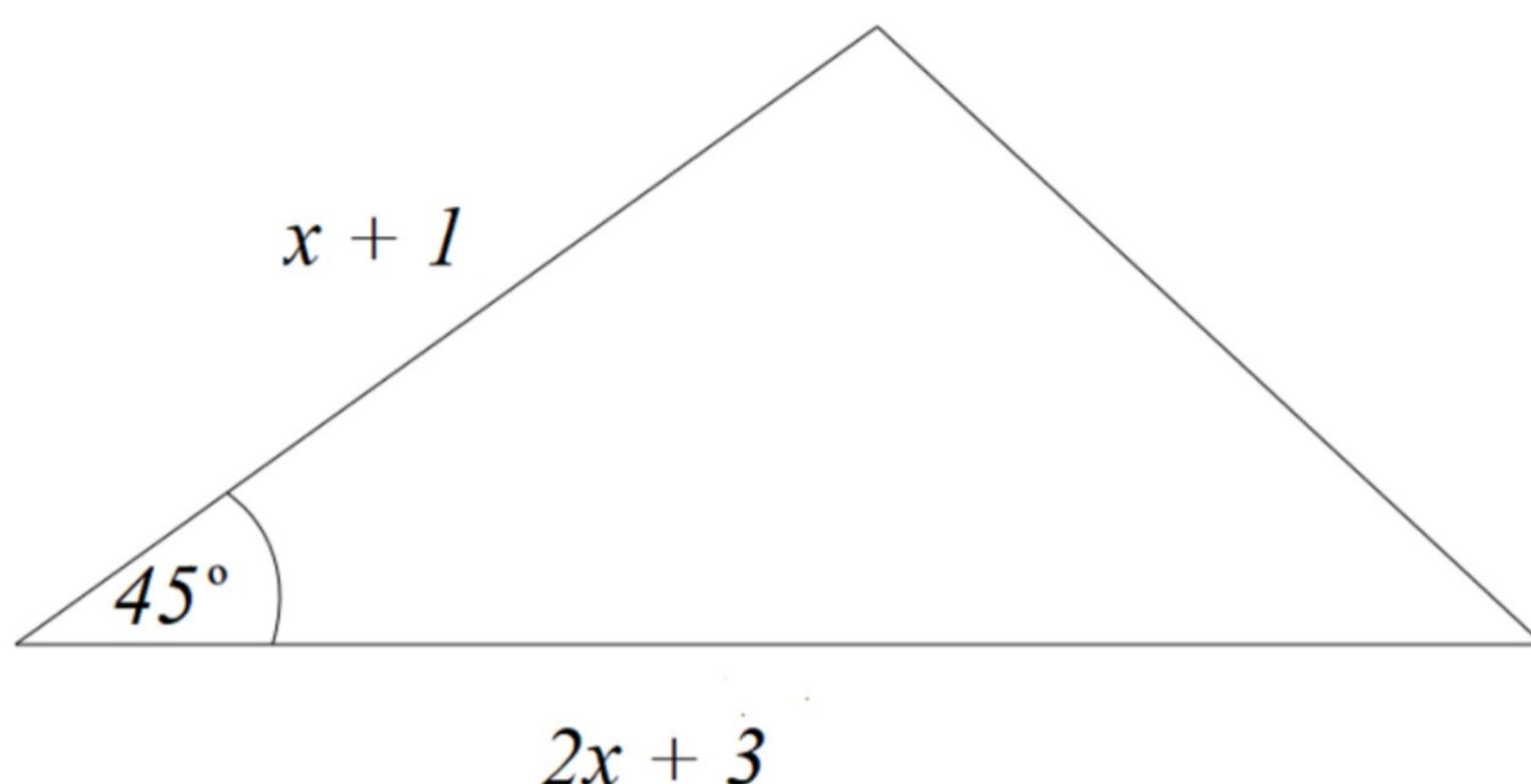
$$\Rightarrow A = 88.151\ldots$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow \text{Area} &= \frac{1}{2}(35)(31) \sin(88.151\ldots) \\ &= 542.2\ldots \\ &= 542 \quad (3 \text{s.f.})\end{aligned}$$

Answer: 542 mm²
(6 marks)



- Q5. The area of the triangle below is $\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$ square units. Find the value of x .



$$\frac{1}{2} (x+1)(2x+3) \sin(45^\circ) = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$(x+1)(2x+3) \sin(45^\circ) = 3\sqrt{2}$$

$$(x+1)(2x+3) \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = 3\sqrt{2}$$

$$(x+1)(2x+3) = 6$$

$$2x^2 + 5x - 3 = 0$$

$$(2x - 1)(x + 3) = 0$$

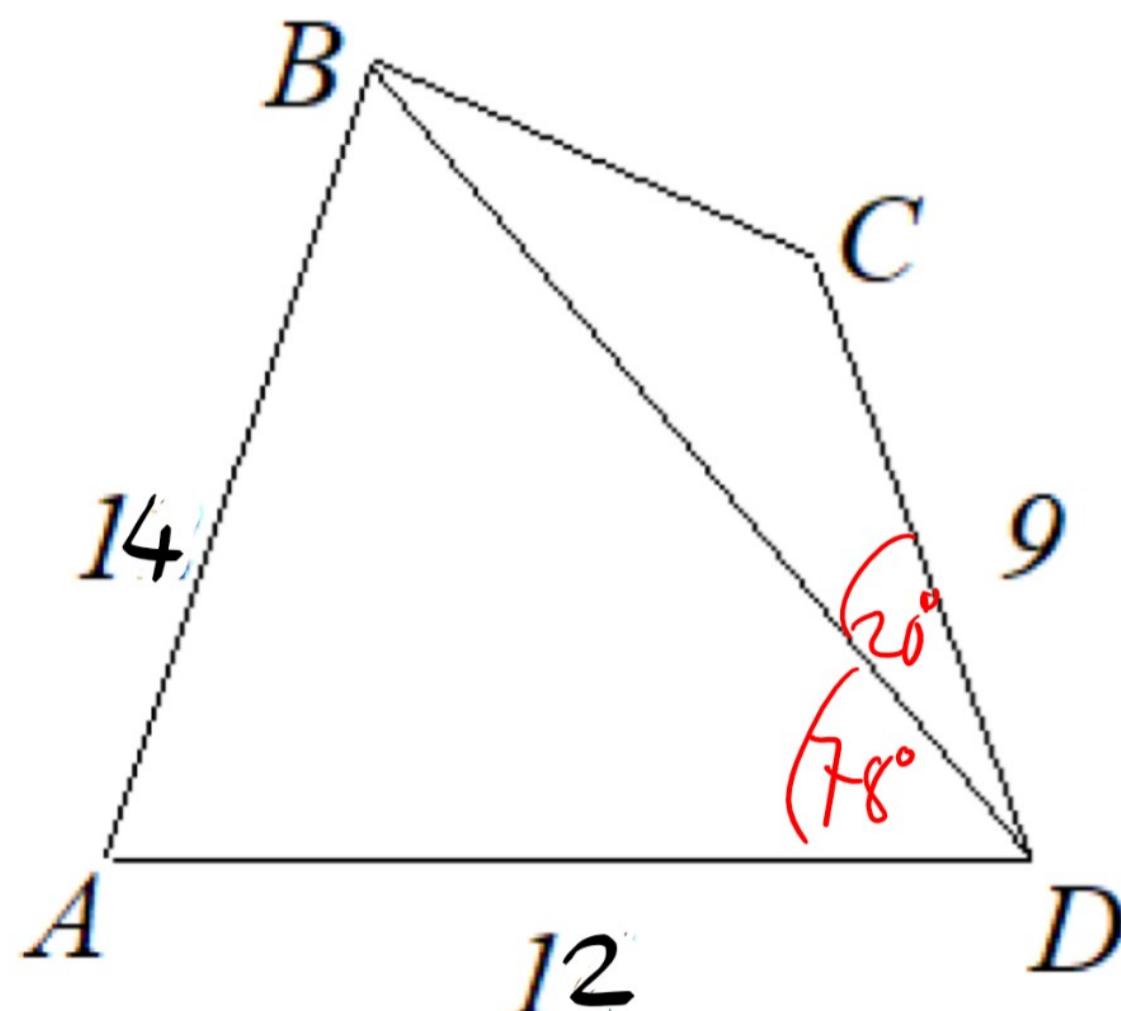
$$x = \frac{1}{2}, -3$$

\downarrow reject ($x+1$ is negative)

Answer: $\frac{1}{2}$
(5 marks)



Q6. In the quadrilateral ABCD below, angles $BDC = 20^\circ$, $ADB = 78^\circ$.
Find the area of triangle BCD.



$$\frac{\sin \beta}{12} = \frac{\sin 78}{14}$$

$$\beta = 56.97$$

$$\Rightarrow A = 180 - 56.97 - 78 \\ = 45.03$$

Now find BD : $BD^2 = 14^2 + 12^2 - 2(14)(12)\cos(45.03)$
 $\Rightarrow BD = 10.13$

Area $BCD = \frac{1}{2}(10.13)(9)\sin(20)$
 $= 15.58$

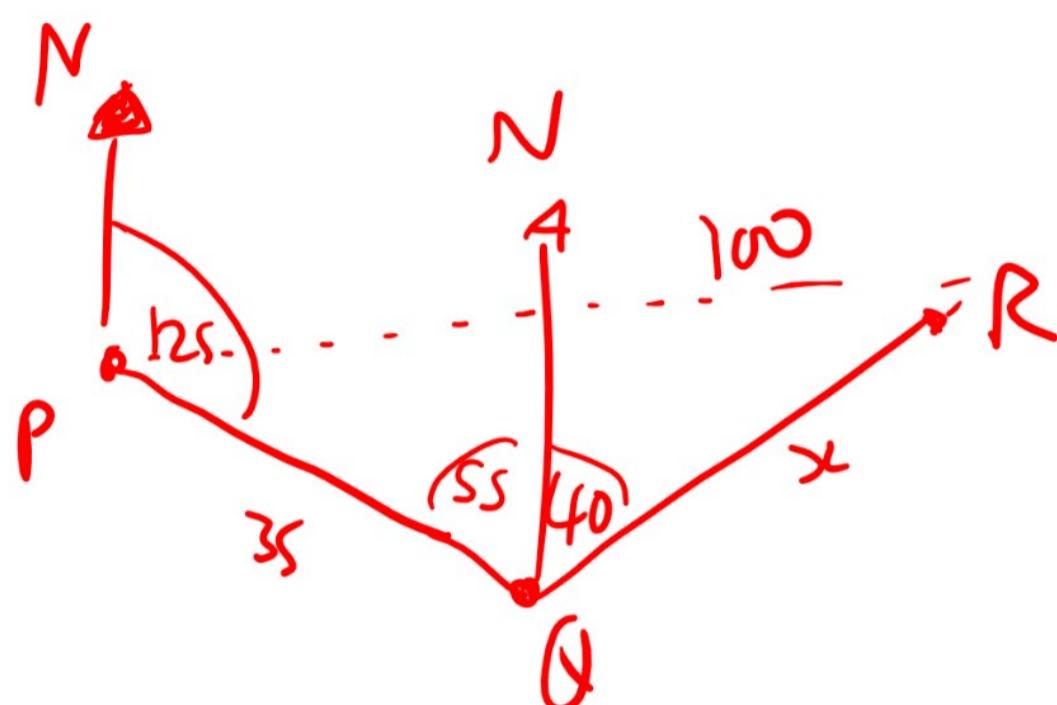
Answer: 15.6 units²
(5 marks)



Problem Questions:

Q7. A ship sets off from port P on a bearing of 125° . After 35 miles it reaches port Q. It then changes direction and proceeds on a bearing of 40° for x miles until it reaches point R. The direct distance PR is 100 miles.

Find the area of the triangle PRQ to 2 decimal places.



• Find $\angle PRQ$:
$$\frac{\sin(125)}{35} = \frac{\sin(95)}{100}$$

$$\angle PRQ = 20.406^\circ$$

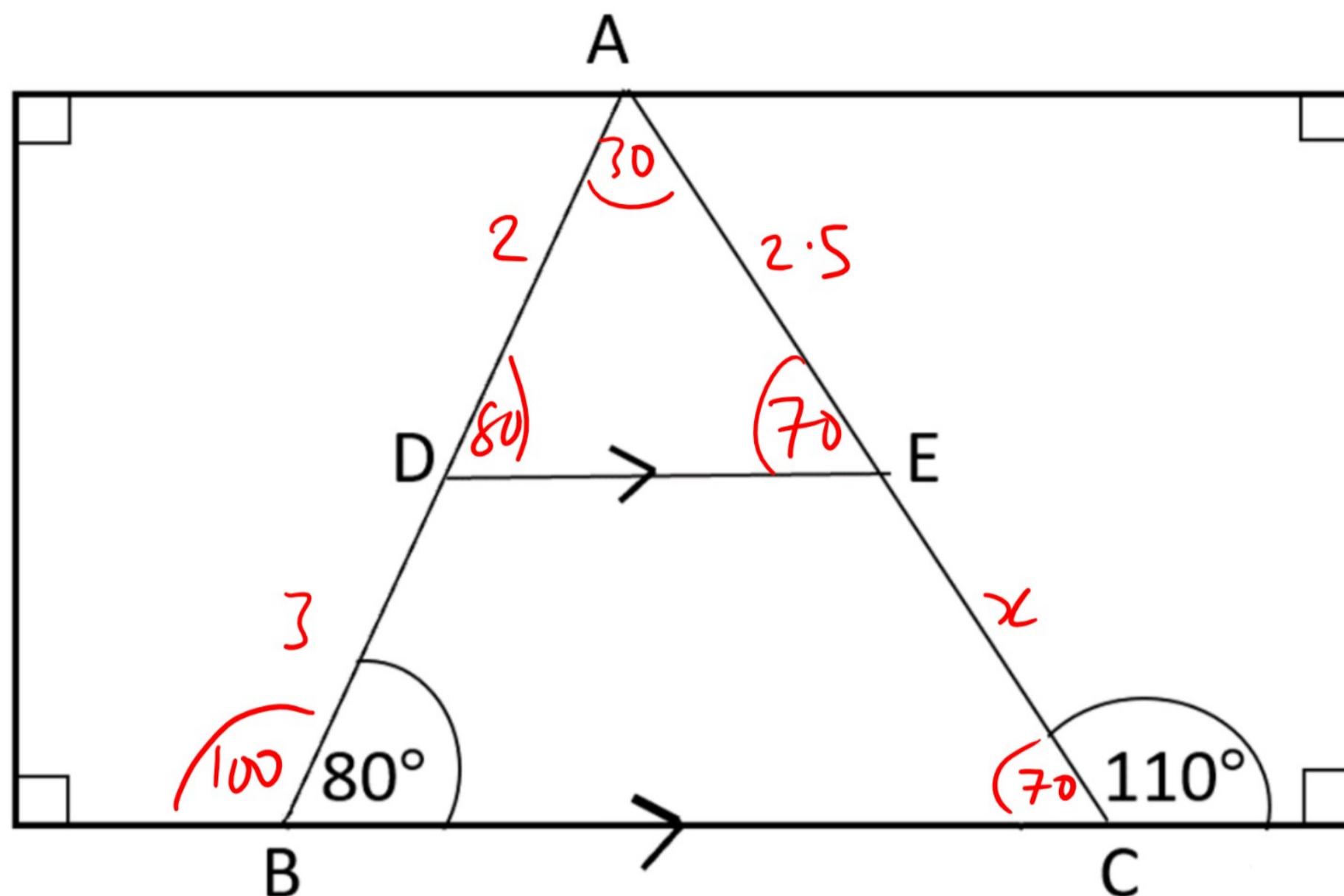
$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow \angle PRQ &= 180 - 95 - 20.406^\circ \\ &= 64.594^\circ\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area} &= \frac{1}{2}(35)(100)\sin(64.594) \\ &= 1580.759 \dots \\ &= 1580.76 \text{ miles}^2\end{aligned}$$

Answer: 1580.76 miles²
(4 marks)



Q8. Below $AD = 2$ cm, $BD = 3$ cm and $AE = 2.5$ cm. Find the area of the triangle ABC to 2 decimal places.



- $\triangle ADE$ and $\triangle ABC$ are similar; let $x = EC$

$$\frac{AD}{AB} = \frac{AE}{AC} \Rightarrow \frac{2}{5} = \frac{2.5}{5+x}$$

$$\Rightarrow 5 + 2x = 12.5$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 7.5$$

$$x = 3.75 \quad (\text{so } AC = 5.75)$$

$$\cdot \text{Area } \triangle ABC = \frac{1}{2}(5)(5.75) \sin(30^\circ)$$

$$= 7.1875$$

$$= 7.2 \text{ cm}^2$$

Answer: 7.2 cm²
(5 marks)