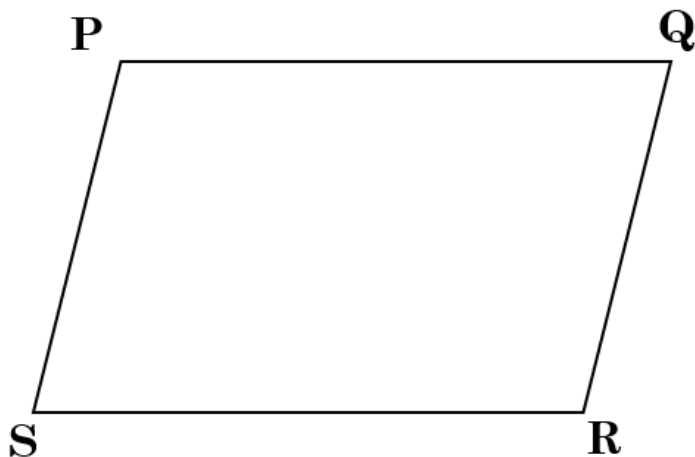




Congruent Triangles Exam Practice

Q1. PQRS is a parallelogram.

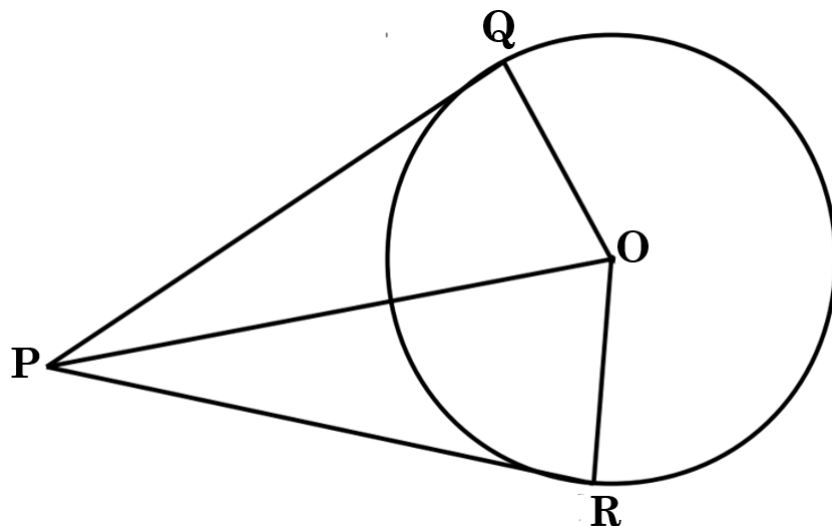


Prove that triangle PQR is congruent to triangle PSR.

Answer: _____
(3 marks)



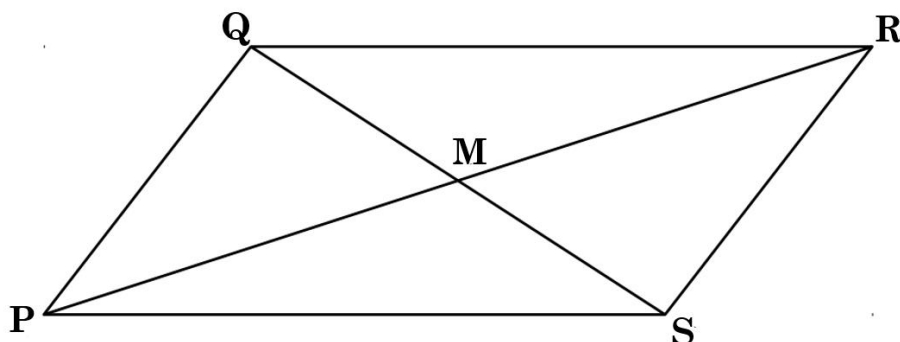
Q2. PQ and PR are tangents to the circle having centre O shown.
Prove that triangle POR is congruent to triangle POQ.



Answer: _____
(4 marks)



Q3. PQRS is a parallelogram, where M is the point where the diagonals intersect.



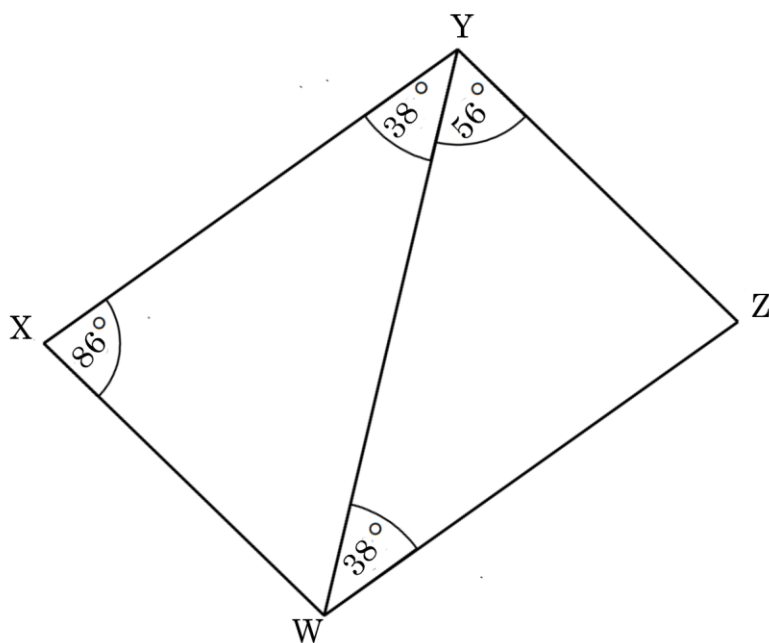
Prove that triangle QMR is congruent to triangle PMS.

Answer: _____

(3 marks)



Q4. Prove that triangle WXY is congruent to triangle WYZ.



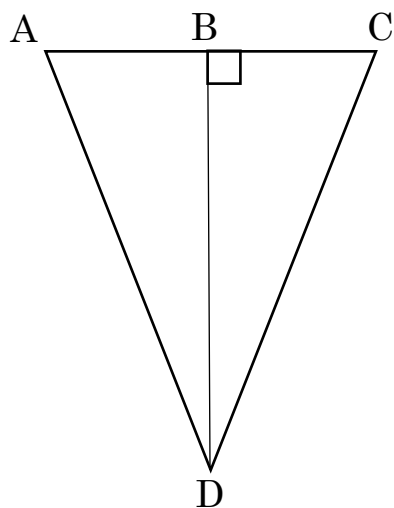
Answer: _____

(3 marks)



Q5. ACD is an isosceles triangle.

Prove that triangle ABD is congruent to triangle BCD .



Answer: _____

(3 marks)



Q6. Triangle A has angles, 41, 76 and 63 degrees.

Triangle B has angles, 41, 76 and 63 degrees.

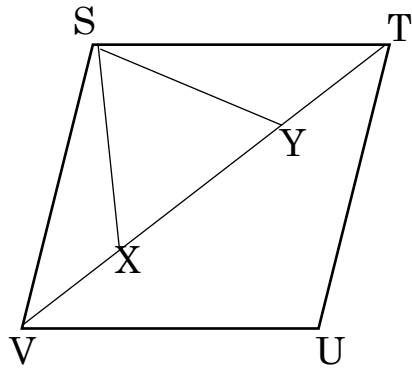
Explain why triangles A and B are not necessarily congruent.

Answer: _____

(2 marks)



Q7. ABCD is a rhombus, and $VX = TY$.



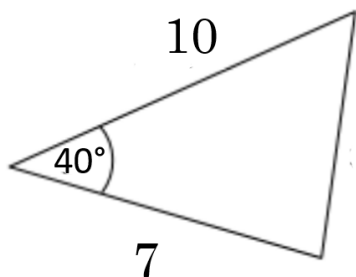
Prove that triangle SVX is congruent to triangle STY .

Answer: _____
(4 marks)

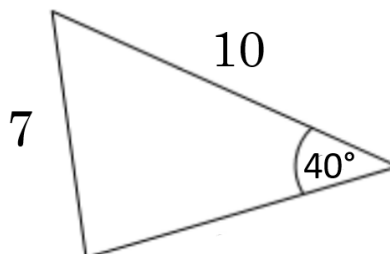


Q8. Identify which triangles are congruent to each other. Explain your reasoning carefully.

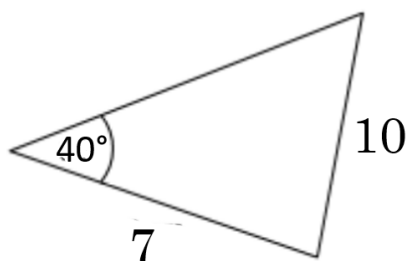
A



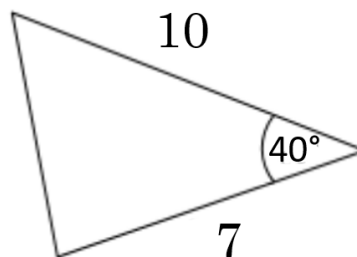
B



C



D



Answer: _____

(2 marks)